



Product Name: SUPERWAY DICAMBA-M SELECTIVE HERBICIDE
APVMA Approval No: 61938/121383

Label Name:	SUPERWAY DICAMBA-M SELECTIVE HERBICIDE
Signal Headings:	CAUTION KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN READ SAFETY DIRECTIONS BEFORE OPENING OR USING
Constituent Statements:	80 g/L DICAMBA PRESENT AS THE DIMETHYLAMINE SALT 340 g/L MCPA PRESENT AS THE DIMETHYLAMINE SALT
Mode of Action:	GROUP I HERBICIDE
Statement of Claims:	For the control of certain broadleaf weeds in winter cereals, pastures, turf and non crop areas.
Net Contents:	1L to 1000L
Restrains:	DO NOT spray when rain seems likely to occur within 4 hours. DO NOT spray when weeds are wet with dew or rain or under stress from drought, low soil fertility, extreme cold or water logging. DO NOT spray outside crop growth stages recommended as crop damage may result. DO NOT apply to crops or grass pastures undersown with clover, lucerne or medics. DO NOT apply to legume pastures. DO NOT apply to plants suffering from stress.
Directions for Use:	This section contains file attachment.
Other Limitations:	
Withholding Periods:	WITHHOLDING PERIOD:

DO NOT GRAZE OR CUT FOR STOCK FOOD 7 DAYS AFTER APPLICATION.
HARVEST: WITHHOLDING PERIOD NOT REQUIRED WHEN USED AS DIRECTED.

Trade Advice:

General Instructions:

MIXING

Add the required amount of Superway Dicamba-M Selective Herbicide directly to the tank and mix well.

APPLICATION

For Boom Application: Apply by a properly calibrated boom spray using not less than 50 litres of water per hectare unless indicated otherwise in the Critical Comments column.

For Aerial Application: Apply at least 25 litres total spray volume per hectare. The aircraft should fly as low as practical under the prevailing conditions to minimise drift.

For High Volume Application: Apply minimum 1500 litres per hectare.

For Knapsack Application: A 15-litre knapsack treats 150 square metres.

NOTE: Spray when weeds are young and actively growing. A temporary wilting may be evident in crops after application. If seasonal conditions are unusually late or dry seek further advice as damage may result from spraying under these conditions. Growers should seek advice before spraying recently released cereal varieties. There is a nil tolerance of pea seed contaminates in cereal grain and less than 100% control of Volunteer Peas could result in dockage.

COMPATIBILITY

Superway Dicamba-M Selective Herbicide is compatible with Terbutryn.

Resistance Warning:

RESISTANT WEEDS WARNING

GROUP I HERBICIDE

Superway Dicamba-M Selective Herbicide contains members of the Benzoic acid and Phenoxy groups of herbicides. Superway Dicamba-M Selective Herbicide has the Disruptors of plant cell growth mode of action. For weed resistance management Superway Dicamba-M Selective Herbicide is a Group I Herbicide. Some naturally occurring weed biotypes resistant to Superway Dicamba-M Selective Herbicide and other Group I herbicides may exist through normal genetic variability in any weed population. The resistant individuals can eventually dominate the weed population if these herbicides are used repeatedly. These resistant weeds will not be controlled by Superway Dicamba-M Selective Herbicide or any other Group I Herbicides. Since the occurrence of resistant weeds is difficult to detect prior to use, Pooma Fertilizers Pty Ltd accepts no liability for any losses that may result from the failure of Superway Dicamba-M Selective Herbicide to control resistant weeds.

Precautions:

Protections:

PROTECTION OF CROPS, NATIVE AND OTHER NON TARGET PLANTS

DO NOT apply under weather conditions or from spraying equipment that may cause spray to drift onto nearby susceptible plants/crops, cropping lands or pastures.

Spray equipment must be calibrated accurately prior to working on crops. Keep container sealed (airtight) when not in use. Avoid spray drift and vapour movement onto susceptible crops such as cotton, tobacco, tomatoes, vines, lupins, fruit trees and ornamentals.

Minimise spray drift by using low pressure and nozzles which DO NOT give a fine droplet size. DO NOT apply this product on or near desirable trees or plants or in locations where the chemical may be washed or moved into contact with their roots. DO NOT use in high

wind. All spray equipment must be thoroughly washed out after use and must not be used for spraying horticultural crops. DO NOT use at a higher rate than recommended.

PROTECTION OF LIVESTOCK, WILDLIFE, FISH, CRUSTACEANS AND ENVIRONMENT
DO NOT use container for any other purpose. DO NOT contaminate streams, rivers or watercourses with the chemical or used containers.

Storage and Disposal:

Store in the closed, original container in a dry, cool, well ventilated area away from children, animals, food, feedstuffs, seed and fertilisers. DO NOT store for prolonged periods in direct sunlight. Triple-rinse containers before disposal. Add rinsings to spray tank. Do not dispose of undiluted chemicals on site. If recycling, replace cap and return clean containers to recycler or designated collection point.

If not recycling, break, crush or puncture and deliver empty packaging to an approved waste management facility. If an approved waste management facility is not available, bury the empty packaging 500 mm below the surface in a disposal pit specifically marked and set up for this purpose, clear of waterways, desirable vegetation and tree roots, in compliance with relevant local, state or territory government regulations. Do not burn empty containers or product.

Refillable containers: Empty contents fully into application equipment. Close all valves and return to point of supply for refill or storage.

Safety Directions:

Harmful if absorbed by skin contact, inhaled or swallowed. Will irritate the eyes and skin. DO NOT inhale vapour. Repeated exposure may cause allergic disorders. When opening the container and preparing the spray wear cotton overalls buttoned to the neck and wrist, washable hat, elbow length PVC gloves, face shield or goggles. When using the prepared spray wear cotton overalls buttoned to the neck and wrist, washable hat and elbow length PVC gloves. If product in eyes, wash out immediately with water. If product on skin, immediately wash area with soap and water. After use and before eating, drinking or smoking, wash hands, arms and face thoroughly with soap and water. After each days use, wash gloves, face shield and contaminated clothing.

First Aid Instructions:

If poisoning occurs, contact a doctor, or Poisons Information Centre (Phone Australia 13 11 26).

First Aid Warnings:

DIRECTIONS FOR USE:

Crop & Situation	Weeds	State	Rate	Critical Comments
Barley, Commercial Rye, Oats, Triticale, Wheat From early tillering stage (Zadoks 21)	Capeweed, Charlock, Common Ice-Plant, seedling Docks, Doublegee, (Threecornered Jack, Spiny Emex), Hexham Scent (Melilotus), Mustards, Soldier Thistle, Sorrel seedlings, Tares, Tree Hogweed, Turnip Weed (Rapistrum rugosum), Vetches, Ward's Weed, Wild Radish, Wild Turnip (Brassica tournefortii), Wireweed (Hogweed)	All states	1L/ha	Spray when most weeds are in the 2 to 4 leaf stage. In some instances suppression only of wireweed (hogweed), capeweed and wild radish will occur.
	Seedling Cotton Thistle, Fat-Hen	Tas only		
Barley, Commercial Rye, Oats, Triticale, Wheat From early tillering stage (Zadoks 21) until the fully tillered stage and before jointing occurs (Zadoks 30)	Cotton Thistle to bud formation	Tas only	1.7L/ha	Spray when most weeds are still in the rosette or seedling stage. N.B. Wild radish may need to be resprayed (with 2,4-D or MCPA) if future germinations occur after spraying. In some instances, suppression only of wireweed (hogweed), hoary cress and climbing buckwheat will be obtained.
	Mintweed, New Zealand Spinach	Qld, NSW, ACT only		
	Capeweed, Charlock, Chickweed, Climbing Buckwheat (Black Bindweed), Clover, Common Ice-Plant, seedling Docks, Doublegee (Threecornered Jack, Spiny Emex), Fat-Hen, Hexham Scent (Melilotus), seedling Hoary Cress, Mouse-eared Chickweed, Mustards, Narrow-leaved Plantain, Saffron Thistle, Spurry, Swinecress, Tares, Tree Hogweed, Turnip Weed (Rapistrum rugosum), Variegated Thistle, Vetch, Wild Radish, Wild Turnip (Brassica tournefortii), Wireweed (Hogweed)	Qld, NSW, ACT Tas, WA, Vic only SA only	1.4L/ha	
Barley, Commercial Rye, Triticale From early tillering stage (Zadoks 21) until the fully tillered stage before jointing occurs (Zadoks 30)	Volunteer Peas	SA only	1L/ha plus 60mL/ha Dicamba 500	Apply when most peas are 5-7 cm high.
Oats, Wheat From early tillering stage (Zadoks 21) until the fully tillered stage and before jointing occurs (Zadoks 30)			1L/ha plus 120mL/ha Dicamba 500	

DIRECTIONS FOR USE (continued)

Crop & Situation	Weeds	State	Rate			Critical Comments
			Per Hectare	Per 100 Litres	Per 15L Knapsack	
Grass Pastures	Bathurst Burr, Caltrop (Yellow Vine), Chicory, Crofton Weed, Cudweed, Dandelion, Deadnettle, Fleabanes, Fumitory, Groundsel, Heliotrope, Inkweed, Mintweed, Nettles, Noogoora Burr, Pennycress, Potatoweed, Ragwort, Ripplewort, Shepherd's Purse, Smartweed, Soft Rush, Stinkwort, Thistles including Cockspur, Scotch (Spear), Slender, Star, Variegated, Wireweed (Hogweed)	All states	2.8 – 4L	190mL – 270mL	60mL	Use the higher rate on larger weeds.
	Cotton Thistle	Tas only				
	Buttercups, Hoary Cress seedlings, Horehound, Khaki Weed, Purple-Top, Veined Verbena	All states	4 - 7L	470mL	100mL	When necessary a second treatment may be made after 4 weeks.
Turf	Bindy-Eye, Capeweed, Catsear, Chickweed, Clovers, Cotula, Creeping Oxalis, Cudweeds, Dandelion, Dock, Fleabanes, Fumitory, Jo-Jo (Onehunga), Lamb's Tongue, Medics, Mustards, Narrow-leaved Plantain, Pearlwort, Pennywort, Peppergrass, Radish, Scarlet Pimpernel, Slender Thistle, Soldier Thistle, Spear Thistle, Toad Rush, Variegated Thistle, Wild Turnip, Wireweed (Hogweed).	All states	Golf Tee, Golf Green: 100mL in 15L water per 150m ² Bowling Green: 900mL- in 200L water per 1400m ² Large Turf Area: (Field, Park, Golf Fairway) 6.5L in 250-400L water per 10,000m ² (1 hectare)			Apply to actively growing weeds and moist soil. DO NOT use on Lippia, Strawberry Clover or Buffalo Grass. DO NOT mow turf for two days before or after application or fertilise within two weeks of spraying.
	Fat-Hen, Purple-Top, Red Flowered Mallow, Staggerweed, Swinecress	Qld, NSW, Tas, SA, WA				
Non-Crop Situations	Artichoke, Bindweed, Fennel, Hemlock, Thistle seedlings	All states	5.2L	350mL	80mL	A repeat spray may be necessary.

**NOT TO BE USED FOR ANY PURPOSE, OR IN ANY MATTER, CONTRARY TO THIS LABEL
UNLESS AUTHORISED UNDER APPROPRIATE LEGISLATION.**